

## MINORITY PLACES ON SENATE COMMITTEES

Leading Democrats Assigned to Strategic Positions for the Important Session Preceding the Presidential Election.

The Democratic representation on committees of the Senate has been agreed upon by the caucus of the minority. In three instances an additional member has been allowed the minority on Privileges and Elections, on Territories, and on one of the select committees. Assignments of special importance have fallen to Mr. Gorman, the Democratic floor leader; to Newlands, of Nevada, and Mr. McCreary, of Kentucky, who had many years of service in the lower house of Congress, and Stone of Missouri, who served three consecutive terms in Congress years ago.

The full list of assignments and the changes in each committee are as follows:

**Agriculture and Forestry**—Bate, Money, Simmons, and Turner. The last-named succeeds Hittfield of Idaho, term expired.

**Appropriations**—Cockrell, Teller, Berry, Tamm, and Daniel.

**Coast and Insular Survey**—Morgan, Berry, Tamm, and Culberson.

**Audit and Control of the Contingent Expenses of the Senate**—Money and Patterson.

**Census**—McHenry, Talliferro, Blackburn, and Bailey.

**Civil Service and Retrenchment**—Bate, Dubois, McLaughlin, and Clark of Arkansas, who succeeds Harris of Kansas, retired.

**Claims**—Martin, Talliferro, McLaughlin, Foster of Louisiana, and Overman, who takes the place left vacant by Teller of Colorado, transferred.

**Coast Defense**—Culberson, Talliferro, Clay, Simmons, and Foster of Louisiana, who succeeds Turner of Washington, retired.

**Commerce**—Berry, Martin, Clay, Mallory, Foster of Nevada, and Clark of Arkansas. The two last named succeed Vest of Missouri and Turner of Washington.

**On Corporations**—McHenry, Dubois, and Lattimer of the District of Columbia—Martin (chairman), and Lattimer, who takes the place of Blackburn of Kentucky, transferred.

**District of Columbia**—Martin, Mallory, Simmons, Dubois, and Gorman. Only the two first named were on the committee in the last Congress. The remaining members succeed Hittfield of Idaho, retired, Clark of Montana, and Foster of Louisiana, transferred.

**Education and Labor**—Daniel, Gibson, Newlands, and Stone. The Nevada Senator succeeds Harris of Kansas, and Stone fills a vacancy existing at the last session.

**Engrossed Bills**—Cockrell, chairman. Enrolled Bills—Foster of Louisiana.

**To Establish the University of the United States**—Carmack, Blackburn, and Foster of Louisiana, who succeeds Jones of Arkansas, retired.

**Examine the Several Branches of the Civil Service**—Culberson, Simmons, and McCreary, who succeeds Hittfield.

**Finance**—Daniel, Teller, Money, Bailey, and Gorman, the two last named succeeding Vest of Missouri and Jones of Arkansas.

**Fisheries**—Mallory, McHenry, Bailey, and Overman, who succeeds Turner.

**Foreign Relations**—Morgan, Bacon, Money, Clark of Montana, and McCreary. The three first named served on this committee at the last session. Mr. Clark got his place by arrangement with Mr. Bailey of Texas, who voluntarily withdrew from the committee. Mr. McCreary served nearly three years on the House Foreign Affairs Committee, and succeeds Rawlins of Utah, retired.

**Forestry Reservations**—The Protection of Game—Morgan, Tamm, Gibson, and Overman, who takes the place of Simmons of North Carolina, transferred.

**Geological Survey**—Money, Cockrell, and Newlands, who takes the place of Rawlins, retired.

**Immigration**—McLaughlin, Patterson, Lattimer, McCreary, and Clark of Arkansas. Only the two first named Senators served on this committee at the last session. The remaining three take the places of Rawlins and Turner, retired, and Clark of Georgia, transferred.

**Improvement of the Mississippi River**—Bate, McHenry, and McLaughlin.

**Indian Affairs**—McHenry, Dubois, Clark of Montana, Teller, Stone, and Overman. The three last named succeed Senators whose terms expired last year—Jones of Arkansas, retired, and Martin—Jones of Indiana, Depredations—Bacon, Martin, Berry, Pettus, and McLaughlin.

**Intercommerce**—Carmack, Morgan, Carmack, Talliferro, and Gorman. The Alabama Senator is the only remaining Democrat of those who served on this committee in the last Congress. His conferees now succeed Harris and Turner, retired, and Foster of Louisiana, transferred.

**The assignment of the minority leader to this committee shows the importance placed upon its relative rank among committees this year. Heretofore it was regarded as one of the minor committees.**

**Interstate Commerce**—Tillman, McLaughlin, Carmack, Foster of Louisiana, and Newlands, who succeed Patterson of Colorado.

**Irrigation**—Bailey, Patterson, Gibson, Gorman, and Newlands, the two last named succeeding Rawlins, retired, and Hittfield.

**Judiciary**—Bacon, Pettus, Culberson, Blackburn, and Patterson, who succeeds Turner of Washington, retired.

**Library**—Clark of Montana and Gorman, who succeeds Vest of Missouri, retired.

**Manufactures**—Clay, Gibson, and Lattimer, who takes the place of Harris of Kansas.

**Military Affairs**—Bate, Cockrell, Pettus, and Blackburn, who succeeds Harris of Kansas.

**Mines and Minerals**—Tillman, Clark of Montana, Clark of Arkansas, and Newlands. The two last named succeed Hittfield, retired, and Dubois, transferred.

**Naval Affairs**—Tillman, Martin, McHenry, and Blackburn.

**Organization, Conduct, and Expenditure of the Executive Departments**—McLaughlin, Blackburn, Carmack, and Stone. The first named is the only member who served on this committee in the last Congress. The other Senators whose colleagues transferred to other committees—Talliferro, Dubois, and Clark of Montana.

**Pacific Islands and Porto Rico**—Cockrell, Mallory, Blackburn, and Clark of Montana.

**Pacific Railroads**—Morgan, Talliferro, McCreary, and Lattimer, the two last named succeeding Rawlins, retired, and Hittfield.

**Patents**—Mallory, Foster of Louisiana, and Lattimer, who succeeds Hittfield.

**Pensions**—Talliferro, Patterson, Carmack, Gibson, and Overman, who succeeds Turner.

**Philippines**—Culberson, Dubois, Carmack, McCreary, and Stone, the two last named succeeding Rawlins, retired, and Patterson, transferred.

**Postoffice and Postroads**—Clay, Culberson, Talliferro, Simmons, and Gorman. The Maryland Senator takes the place of Dubois, transferred.

**Printing**—Gorman, who succeeds James K. Jones of Arkansas.

On Private Land Claims—Teller (chairman), McHenry, and Pettus.

**Privileges and Elections**—Pettus, Blackburn, Dubois, Bailey, Overman, and Clark of Arkansas.

The Democratic representation has been increased by one. Overman succeeds Foster of Louisiana, and Clark is the additional member.

**Public Buildings and Grounds**—Culberson, Simmons, Dubois, and Lattimer, the three last named succeeding Vest, Rawlins, and Turner, all retired.

**Public Health and Quarantine**—Bate (chairman), McHenry, Mallory, and Culberson. The Tennessee Senator has been given the chairmanship formerly held by Vest of Missouri, and the rest of the committee is unchanged.

**Public Lands**—Berry, McHenry, McLaughlin, Gibson, and Dubois, who succeeds his former colleague, Hittfield.

**Railroads**—Bacon, Pettus, Money, and Carmack.

**Relations with Cuba**—Teller, Money, Talliferro, and Simmons.

**Relations with Canada**—Tillman, Bailey, Clark of Montana, and Clark of

## GOLD MEDALS GIVEN TO CHINESE BY JEWS

Had Given Assistance in Raising Funds for Kishenev Sufferers—Unique Banquet in New York's Chinatown.

NEW YORK, Nov. 21.—Four members of the Nevada Reform Club in this city, Joseph M. Singleton, Guy Maine, Ju Chue, and Dek Poon, gave a banquet last night at Mon Lay Won & Co.'s restaurant, in Pell Street, the Delmonico of Chinatown, to represent the Jewish of the East Side. The guests made the banquet the occasion for presenting to the Chinamen above named gold medals as tokens of the esteem in which Jews of New York city regard them for the assistance which they gave in raising the fund for the relief of the victims of the Kishenev massacre.

Singleton and the other three Chinamen organized a benefit entertainment in one of the Chinese theaters soon after an appeal was made for financial assistance, and they also contributed liberally themselves to the fund.

The medals are of gold, about eight inches long. At the top are the Chinese and American flags in embossed designs, set with diamonds. The name of the Chinaman on each medal is also partly set with diamonds. The medals are suitably inscribed, and contain beneath the inscription the names of the twelve Jewish citizens composing the committee which had in charge the presentation of the medals.

The banquet was the largest and the most elaborate that was ever held in Chinatown. There were more than one hundred guests, many of them women.

The Hon. Warren W. Foster, justice of the court of general sessions, was toastmaster, and among the guests of honor were Judge John B. McKean, Representative Goldfogle, Gen. James R. O'Brien, William C. Beecher, a son of Henry Ward Beecher; Emerson McMillan, Philip Berolzheimer, president of the Eagle Pencil Company; Samuel Dorf, grand master of the B'nai B'rith, and Seymour A. Jones, of Mexham, North Wales.

Among the women were the wives of several of the leaders in Chinatown: Florence Ceitland, the Jewish actress, who delivered a toast in Chinese, and Kang Tan Back, the daughter of the great Chinese reformer of that name, for whose head the Empress Dowager offered a reward of \$100,000. Miss Back is visiting in this country at present.

## GEN. BOURBON RELEASED: KING ALFONSO LENIENT

MADRID, Nov. 21.—General Bourbon, the cousin of King Alfonso, who was sentenced to two months' imprisonment by court-martial on October 1 for writing an insulting letter to the minister of war, has been released by order of the King. The general had a fortnight of his sentence still to serve. During his imprisonment General Bourbon entertained his family and friends in his prison in royal fashion.

## RHEUMATISM Gout, Kidney Disease, Dropsy,

Indigestion and all uric acid troubles, not only relieved, but absolutely cured by

## LE NARD'S URIC ACID SOLVENT

Not a patent medicine, but a scientific preparation from the purest materials, prepared by myself, from my own formulae, and purely on its merits as a remedy for uric acid troubles.

I make the positive statement that fully 90 per cent of above diseases are being cured by this, my remedy, where a fair trial is given, and you have added to the 100 cures in Washington to prove it.

## LE NARD'S URIC ACID SOLVENT

Cures indigestion; creates a new appetite; prepares the food for ready absorption; re-enforces the system against all the bodily organs; acts quickly in all stomach troubles; does away with gas, flatulence, and all nervousness of breath, dizziness, and drowsiness after eating, and is the best of tonics. Having alternative and purifying properties on the blood, heretofore unknown, changing the constituents of the blood and thus curing all uric acid and other deposits, such as large finger joints, swollen wrists, ankles, knees, or enlargements anywhere; dissolves and removes any poison, or taint, or humor from blood; this is why such rapid and wonderful cures are brought about, by this never failing remedy. Faulty kidneys cause dropsy in not removing the fluids from the blood. LeNard's Uric Acid Solvent has a special action on the kidneys, restoring them to normal condition, and thus curing in time will check serious troubles, such as Bright's disease, and has cured such cases, when not too old.

Put up in full 12-ounce bottles; name blown in each one; protected by trade mark. Make no mistake, take no substitute; there is no remedy equal to it in curative effects. Remember name and number, 1305 H Street northwest. Leading druggists stock it at \$1.00. LeNard's Uric Acid Solvent cures indigestion.

Originator and Manufacturer, 1305 H Street northwest. CURED IN 1898.

Mr. Thomas Boyle, Riggs Market, was out of business two years—laid up with serious nervous troubles, complicated with inflammatory rheumatism, rheumatic gout, great swelling, intense joint pains, and was unable to stand, sleep, and flesh, suffering constantly whether still or moving, gradually growing worse. But he got well by using L. U. A. Solvent, five years ago. Is this satisfactory?

**RHEUMATIC GOUT.** Mr. J. M. Bassett, 323 Eighth Street northeast, suffered ten years from rheumatic gout, great swelling, intense joint pains, and was unable to stand, sleep, and flesh, suffering constantly whether still or moving, gradually growing worse. But he got well by using L. U. A. Solvent, five years ago. Is this satisfactory?

## ABOUT POLITICS AND POLITICIANS

### House Membership Complete.

The membership of the Fifty-eighth Congress was made complete this week by the election of the Hon. John M. Pinckney, in the Eighth district of Texas, to fill the vacancy caused by the resignation of the Hon. Thomas H. Ball. There are, however, several members yet to be sworn in.

Representative Burk of Pennsylvania is one of these. He has been ill for several weeks, and has been unable to attend the sessions of the House since the beginning of the extraordinary session. Three vacancies beside the one filled by Mr. Pinckney occurred between the beginning of the present congressional term and March, and the opening of the present session.

One in Pennsylvania, caused by the death of Representative Forrester; one in Kentucky, caused by the death of Representative Boering, and one in Ohio, caused by the resignation of Representative Gill. Another vacancy, which occurred the moment the present term began by reason of the resignation of Representative Long to become Senator, was filled last spring by the election of Representative Murdock from the Seventh Kansas district.

Mr. Pinckney will probably present himself in the House to be sworn in next week. Although the district which he is to represent is strongly Democratic, the Republicans had some hopes of success there owing to the fact that the liquor element was bitterly opposed to Mr. Pinckney because he is an ardent prohibitionist. A stubborn fight was made against him, but he succeeded in winning by the usual heavy Texan majority, notwithstanding his advocacy of cold water as the only proper remedy.

Mr. Pinckney is connected with the famous Pinckney family of South Carolina.

**Manley Wants Governorship.** The Hon. Joseph H. Manley, who, for many years, has figured prominently in national politics, and has been regarded as a strong factor in Maine, is spoken of as the next governor of the Pine Tree State. Mr. Manley has long been a member of the Republican national committee, and in 1896 sought to manage the campaign of the late Thomas B. Reed for the Presidency, but owing to the strong McKinley sentiment made a lamentable failure of his attempt. Mr. Manley was for years the trusted lieutenant of the late Speaker. He has served a number of terms in the Legislature, and has been speaker of the lower house. Two or three years ago he might have had a good Federal position—it is said that the internal-revenue—was offered to him—but he declined, preferring to continue as speaker of the house in the Maine Legislature.

Mr. Manley's ambition has long been to become governor of Maine, and it is reported that his hopes may be realized in the election of next year. Representative Burleigh has also been mentioned as a possible candidate, but the understanding is that he has said that he will not enter the race, preferring to remain in Congress. This action on his part probably removed Mr. Manley's strongest competitor for the honor, and may give him a clear course for the Statehouse at Augusta.

**A Forgotten Statesman.** Mention of the name of the late Hon. Thomas B. Reed recalls the fact that not long ago some of the Democratic newspapers of Mississippi—and, by the way, there are no Republican newspapers in the State worthy of the name—became deeply agitated over the announcement that an oil portrait of the late Hon. Thomas B. Reed had been placed in the new capitol building at Jackson. Some of them commented upon the fact, and not a few Democrats of the State were inclined to be indignant. They could not understand why a painting of the late "czar" of the House, a man from the frozen State of Maine, a man whose political ideas, policies and actions were so much at variance with the views of Mississippians, who had no interest in the State, and who perhaps frequently attacked its statesmen and criticized its action, should receive such honor and distinction.

Some inquiry was made for the purpose of ascertaining who was responsible for decorating the interior walls of the new structure with the portrait of Thomas B. Reed. These persons were those who had never seen the portrait; had they seen it their indignation and wonderment would have ceased. Finally the whole matter was satisfactorily cleared up by the discovery of the fact that the portrait was not that of the late Speaker of the House of Representatives, but that of a native Mississippian who, many, many years ago, long

before the war, was a prominent citizen, and had represented Mississippi in the United States Senate.

### After National Convention.

Chicago is making an effort to capture both of the big national political conventions of next year. Already a fund of nearly \$100,000 has been subscribed, and this will be increased to \$200,000, and probably more if necessary, for the purpose of entertaining the delegates at the two great gatherings. Chicago is regarded by many politicians of both parties as the best convention city in the country, for many reasons, among them being the fact that it has every sort of facility for handling large crowds. The hotel accommodations are ample and reasonable, and the Coliseum affords an ideal hall for the work of such big bodies. Again, the railroad facilities are unsurpassed, and the city is more nearly centrally located than any other with advantages equal to those of Chicago.

Pittsburg will, however, be a strong competitor for the Republican convention, its plea being that the fiftieth anniversary celebration of the party which was born in Pittsburg should be held in the city of its nativity. A large fund is being raised, to be expended in entertaining the delegates in case the Smoky City is decided upon as the place for holding the meeting. Detroit is also anxious for the honor.

Baltimore is probably Chicago's strongest competitor for the Democratic convention. A Democratic national convention has not been held there since 1860. The city has abundant facilities for handling such a large gathering. Should the convention go there, that fact would doubtless do much toward aiding the candidacy of Senator Gorman for the nomination, for local enthusiasm might have some effect upon the delegates.

**DR. ANITA N. M'GEE TO BE MADE CAPTAIN** In order to become an active member of the Spanish War Veterans, after January 1, 1904, Dr. Anita Newcomb McGee, of Washington, at present sponsor of Gen. Nelson A. Miles' command, S. W. V., will resign that position early next month. By reason of a change in the constitution, contract surgeons, of which Dr. McGee is the only woman having that distinction, as well as the honor of being the only woman commissioned officer in the United States Army, has been declared eligible for membership. Once a member of one of the regular commands of the Spanish War Veterans, Dr. McGee is eligible for election as captain of the organization to which she belongs. Though it is not probable, it is possible for her to become national commander-in-chief.

## HIGH CLASS DRUGGISTS AND — OTHERS.

The better class of druggists, everywhere, are men of scientific attainments and high integrity, who devote their lives to the welfare of their fellow men in supplying the best of remedies and purest medicinal agents of known value, in accordance with physicians' prescriptions and scientific formula. Druggists of the better class manufacture many excellent remedies, but always under original or official names and they never sell false brands, or imitation medicines. They are the men to deal with when in need of anything in their line, which usually includes all standard remedies and corresponding adjuncts of a first-class pharmacy and the finest and best of toilet articles and preparations and many useful accessories and remedial appliances. The earning of a fair living, with the satisfaction which arises from a knowledge of the benefits conferred upon their patrons and assistance to the medical profession, is usually their greatest reward for long years of study and many hours of daily toil. They all know that Syrup of Figs is an excellent laxative remedy and that it gives universal satisfaction, and therefore they are selling many millions of bottles annually to the well informed purchasers of the choicest remedies, and they always take pleasure in handing out the genuine article bearing the full name of the Company—California Fig Syrup Co.—printed on the front of every package. They know that in cases of colds and headaches attended by biliousness and constipation and of weakness or torpidity of the liver and bowels, arising from irregular habits, indigestion, or over-eating, that there is no other remedy so pleasant, prompt and beneficial in its effects as Syrup of Figs, and they are glad to sell it because it gives universal satisfaction.

Owing to the excellence of Syrup of Figs, the universal satisfaction which it gives and the immense demand for it, imitations have been made; tried and condemned, but there are individual druggists to be found, here and there, who do not maintain the dignity and principles of the profession and whose greed gets the better of their judgment, and who do not hesitate to recommend and try to sell the imitations in order to make a larger profit. Such preparations sometimes have the name—"Syrup of Figs"—or "Fig Syrup" and of some piratical concern, or fictitious fig syrup company, printed on the package, but they never have the full name of the Company—California Fig Syrup Co.—printed on the front of the package. The imitations should be rejected because they are injurious to the system. In order to sell the imitations they find it necessary to resort to misrepresentation or deception, and whenever a dealer passes off on a customer a preparation under the name of "Syrup of Figs" or "Fig Syrup," which does not bear the full name of the California Fig Syrup Co. printed on the front of the package, he is attempting to deceive and mislead the patron who has been so unfortunate as to enter his establishment, whether it be large or small, for if the dealer resorts to misrepresentation and deception in one case he will do so with other medicinal agents, and in the filling of physicians' prescriptions, and should be avoided by every one who values health and happiness. Knowing that the great majority of druggists are reliable, we supply the immense demand for our excellent remedy entirely through the druggists, of whom it may be purchased everywhere, in original packages only, at the regular price of fifty cents per bottle, but as exceptions exist it is necessary to inform the public of the facts, in order that all may decline or return any imitation which may be sold to them. If it does not bear the full name of the Company—California Fig Syrup Co.—printed on the front of every package, do not hesitate to return the article and to demand the return of your money, and in future go to one of the better class of druggists who will sell you what you wish and the best of everything in his line at reasonable prices.

## TALK TO THE PEOPLE THROUGH WANT ADS

## TIMES WORD-MAKING CONTEST

FIRST PRIZE, \$100. SECOND PRIZE, \$50. THIRD PRIZE, \$25. FOURTH PRIZE, \$15. FIFTH PRIZE, \$10.

Prizes awarded to those making the greatest number of words from the letters in the chart below. No letter must be used more than once. Contest closes December 19, 1903. Send list of words attached to blank under chart in a sealed envelope. Everyone paying 50 cents for subscription to the Evening or Sunday Times will be entitled to submit a list of words in competition for the prizes. Do not use names of people or places or foreign words. Make words of one syllable only. Check off each letter as it is used. Words must contain not less than two letters and have a distinct definition.

## HOW MANY WORDS CAN YOU MAKE OUT OF THESE LETTERS?

H O T A G P L I G H T F A P I C K S S P O T G U N A H L I C K R A K E A  
A D G M L R T O P P G I T M O U S E S P I N C U T R A L I N K R U S T J  
C A T U U I T O Y W I F F H O W S I E M O A G R I T L S P I N R O O T R  
H O G G E D B O A T F A T G H T S I N D A Y C A R T F P O O R B O L T C  
M T B O Y E M N A E F A U Z E Y O U M U L E T P I P E P I N K R A T E M  
G I R L E Y E M O O N L T H V I N M I L H A I L M L O A N M A T E B  
D U S T R I N G T I M E I E V I E W M I S T H A M E A L O O T B A I T Q  
N O S E P N I T R I C K T B A S E B N A I L T W A L L W E L L T A L E P  
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O P E N B O X M A I L T A B L O O M R U G R H A I R H C H A P M A I L Z  
O S H O E D E S K R O W K A C K H E C H A I L E G A Y C H I P B A L E X  
T C O A L I C H A I X E C B R O W N C H A T K I N G B S P I N S A I L L  
S T O N E W N L A N D R O Q U I C K S L O W H E A D L S P A T R A I L N  
B O O K I N D K S U N W E S H O T K S L O T H E L P O S L A T R I P E D  
R A T T R A P O S N D A T F L A G W M A T C H O M E W S L O P P O S T R  
G L A S S B I R D S T A R T R I P A H G A S S T O V E L O A D H O S T F  
F A L L F I T S H I P S I W O O D L G U M O S T O N E L I M E T O L I E  
G N S O R T H A N D W I N E T A L K X C O W B L A D E L A T E R O L I T  
C O O N T R E E B U G T I M E D R E S S G R B R A N D L O F T S E A T M  
G L O B E G O A T C P A I N B L O O D A V E G R A T E L A S T L O A N K  
H I D E H I L P R I M E P R A T E C R A T E C R O W L O N G L O R E R  
H I T C H O L E H O O K H O O P H O S T M I L K B R K I C K M I N T E  
S O U P H U L H U M P H U N K K N E E K N O T A I N B U M P B A I L P  
R A I N L A R K L A P L I N E L U S T V A I N L A W N B O O T B U M P T  
M R A G B S T A N Z P Q S R A T N P C L Y F G H J I W B D R X T A C R

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